

Annex B - Analytical Framework for Monitoring and Reporting on the Implementation of GCM commitments related to Addressing Human Mobility Challenges in the Context of Disasters, Climate Change and Environmental Degradation¹

Markers to measure integration of GCM principles² in identified instruments³

Human Rights Marker⁴	Gender Marker	Child Sensitivity Marker	Local Governance Marker
A. Significant integration of human rights in the instrument	A. Significant integration of gender considerations in the instrument	A. Significant integration of child rights and needs in the instrument	A. Significant integration of local governance dimensions
B. Partial integration of human rights in the instrument	B. Partial integration of gender considerations in the instrument	B. Partial integration of child rights and needs in the instrument	B. Partial integration of local governance dimensions
C. No integration of human rights in the instrument	C. No integration of gender considerations in the instrument	C. No integration of child rights and needs in the instrument	C. No integration of local governance dimensions
Scoring method: <u>Score A</u> ('significant integration of human rights in the instrument') is assigned if	Scoring method: <u>Score A</u> ('significant integration of gender considerations in the instrument') is assigned if the instrument includes	Scoring method: <u>Score A</u> ('significant integration of child rights and needs in the instrument') is assigned if the instrument includes	Scoring method: <u>Score A</u> ('significant integration of local governance dimensions') is assigned if the

¹ This document is an Annex to the draft Analytical Framework paper commissioned by the PDD Secretariat and prepared by Daria Mokhnacheva, Consultant, as part of the project 'Baseline Mapping on the Implementation of Commitments related to Addressing Human Mobility Challenges in Disaster and Climate Change Contexts under the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration (GCM)' implemented by PDD together with IOM and other partners and funded by the Federal Ministry of Germany on Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ) through the Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ), with the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) as grant manager. The project is a direct output of the UN Network on Migration 2021-2022 workplan under Thematic Priority 4 on Climate Change and Migration. The Analytical Framework paper constitutes the basis for data collection and baseline analysis activities implemented under this project and has been developed following a consultation process with partners and other stakeholders, which took place from November 2021 to January 2022.

² The markers correspond to the following GCM guiding principles outlined in para. 15 of the GCM: "Human Rights", "Gender-responsive", "Child-sensitive" and "Whole-of-government approach" (with focus on local governance in support of vertical policy coherence).

³ Due to resource limitations, these markers are not applied in the first phase of the project. However, the use of these markers is strongly encouraged in order to assess the alignment of instruments with key cross-cutting GCM guiding principles and support their greater integration in future policy development efforts.

⁴ The markers and their scoring methodology have been designed in a way to facilitate a basic assessment of alignment with the GCM guiding principles as part of the baseline mapping exercise, and do not replace a more in-depth review of human rights integration, gender responsiveness, child sensitivity or whole-of-government approaches in national policy and legal instruments and practice. For such in-depth review, more comprehensive guidance is available elsewhere (see examples in the table below). In particular, the Human Rights Marker under the Migration MPTF Operations Manual and the UN Practitioner's Portal on HRBA to Programming offer advanced guidance to support a human-rights based approach to programming, and consistency with such guidance should be sought when conducting more in-depth review of policies and legislation.

<p>the instrument includes provisions in at least 2 of the following categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - substantive rights: the instrument includes a reference to one or several human rights recognized in core international human rights instruments - procedural rights: the instrument includes provisions for the participation of affected people in decision-making and/or for their access to information - governance and accountability mechanisms: the instrument mentions means of implementation of human rights commitments, e.g. roles and responsibilities of duty-bearers, process and mechanisms for access to justice, monitoring and accountability mechanisms for violations of rights <p><u>Score B</u> ('partial integration of human rights in the instrument') is assigned if the instrument includes a mention of human rights (e.g. the instrument recognizes the importance of human rights, or includes some provisions supporting the protection of specific substantive rights)</p> <p><u>Score C</u> ('no integration of human rights in the instrument') is assigned if there is no</p>	<p>provisions in at least 3 of the following categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Welfare: the instrument recognizes issues related to the basic needs of women, men, girls and boys, including those identifying as LGBTQI, including victims of violence and victims of trafficking - Access: the instrument includes provisions promoting equality of opportunities for women, men, girls, and boys, including those identifying as LGBTQI (e.g access to information, services, resources) - Participation: the instrument includes provisions for access to information and for the participation of women and girls in decision-making - Governance and accountability mechanisms for the implementation of gender equality commitments (roles and responsibilities, availability of institutions and mechanisms for access to justice for women and girls, monitoring and accountability, need for gender disaggregated data collection) <p><u>Score B</u> ('partial integration of gender considerations in the instrument') is assigned if the instrument includes a mention of gender (e.g. the instrument</p>	<p>provisions in at least 2 of the following categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - recognition of the needs and rights of boys and girls under 18 - provisions for access to information and for the participation of boys and girls under 18 in decision-making - governance and accountability mechanisms for the protection of boys and girls under 18 (institutions and mechanisms ensuring access to legal protection and/or social and child protection services; monitoring and accountability means) <p><u>Score B</u> ('partial integration of child rights and needs in the instrument') is assigned if the instrument includes a mention of child rights or needs (e.g. the instrument recognizes the importance to uphold the rights and address the needs of boys and girls under 18)</p> <p><u>Score C</u> ('no integration of child rights and needs in the instrument') is assigned if there is no mention of child rights and needs in the instrument.</p>	<p>instrument includes at least one of the following categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Includes provisions, commitments or targets to address the local/urban dimensions of human mobility in disaster and climate change contexts - Recognises the role, mandate and/or competencies of local governments, cities and municipalities in planning for human mobility in disaster and climate change contexts <p><u>Score B</u> ('partial integration of local governance dimensions') is assigned if the instrument includes a general reference to the importance of urban local dimensions and local governance.</p> <p><u>Score C</u> ('no integration of local governance dimensions') is assigned if there is no mention of urban local dimensions and local governance in the instrument.</p>
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<p>mention of human rights or related provisions in the instrument.</p>	<p>recognizes the importance of gender equality)</p> <p><u>Score C</u> ('no integration of gender considerations in the instrument') is assigned if there is no mention of gender in the instrument.</p>		
<p>Useful references:</p> <p>UNDG, UN Practitioner’s Portal on HRBA to Programming</p> <p>OHCHR, The core International Human Rights Instruments and their monitoring bodies</p> <p>OHCHR, International Human Rights Law</p> <p>OHCHR, Improving Human Rights-Based Governance of International Migration</p> <p>Migration Multi-Partner Trust Fund Operations Manual (Annex H: Human Rights Marker Guidance Note)</p> <p>Checklist for a Human Rights-Based Approach to Socio-Economic Country Responses to COVID-19</p>	<p>Useful references:</p> <p>OHCHR, Women’s Human Rights and Gender Equality</p> <p>UNDG, Gender Equality Marker Guidance Note</p> <p>UN Women, Policies and Practice: A Guide to Gender-Responsive Implementation of the Global Compact for Migration</p> <p>Migration Multi-Partner Trust Fund Operations Manual (Annex I: Gender Marker Guidance Note)</p>	<p>Useful references:</p> <p>Convention on the Rights of the Child</p> <p>UNICEF and Danish Institute for Human Rights, Children’s Rights in Impact Assessments</p> <p>UNICEF, The Climate Crisis is a Child Rights Crisis: Introducing the Children’s Climate Risk Index</p> <p>OHCHR, Analytical study on the relationship between climate change and the full and effective enjoyment of the rights of the child, UN Doc. A/HRC/35/13</p>	<p>Useful references:</p> <p>JMDI, Guidelines on mainstreaming migration into local development planning, in particular section 5H Environment and Climate Change (p. 98)</p> <p>UNDRR Disaster Resilience Scorecard for Cities in particular the addendum on disaster displacement</p>